

# Pileup studies in run 8 data

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# Aim

- Study frequency and effect of
  - Close pileup (narrow window around mean trigger time)
  - Distant pileup
- Develop a BmnRoot task providing the information about pileup events (time to closest hits in BC, probability of second interaction, etc.)
- Data: Xe+CsI @ 3.8A GeV (production 04.24)

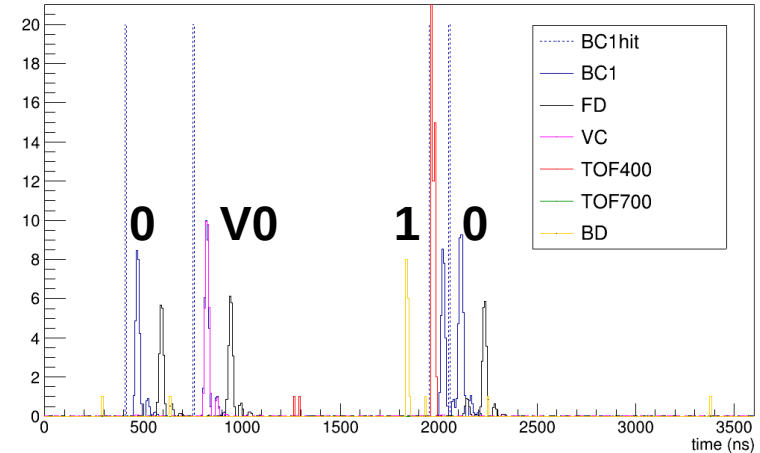
Report on close pileup at CM

# Analysis procedure

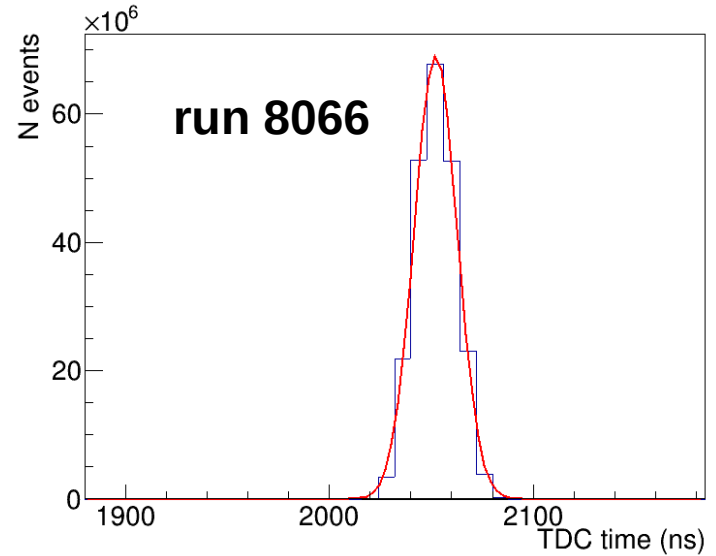
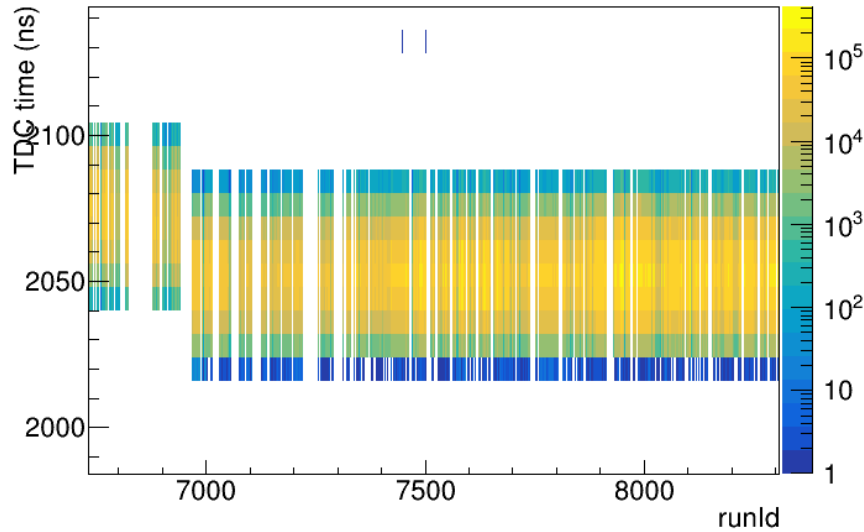
- Define run-by-run trigger window
- Define run-by-run time windows for peak search in FD and VCS (relative to BC1S hit time)
- Collect run-by-run distributions of FD peaks outside the trigger window (mostly Xe) and single VCS peaks

# Analysis procedure

- For every hit in BC1S define the type based on corresponding peaks in FD and VCS:
  - No interaction (**0**)
  - Interaction (**1**)
  - No interaction + VCS peak (**V0**)
  - Interaction + VCS peak (**V1**)
- Estimate the effect of pileup on digitized and reconstructed data from fast (TOF400, TOF700) and slow (SILICON, GEM) detectors



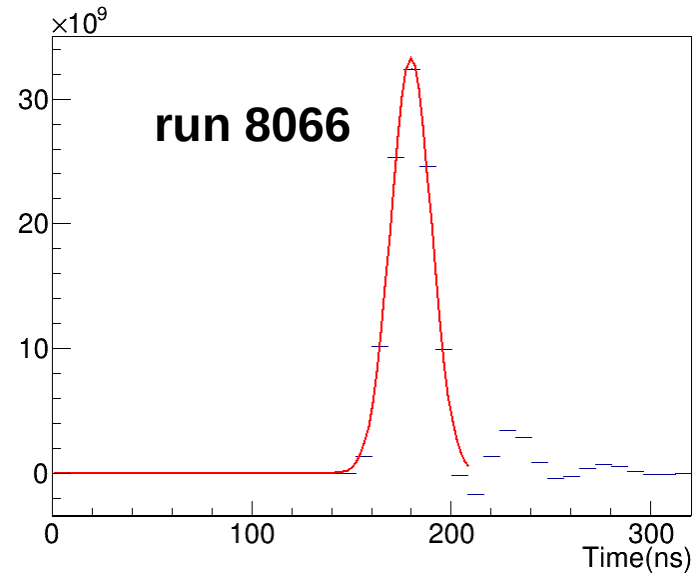
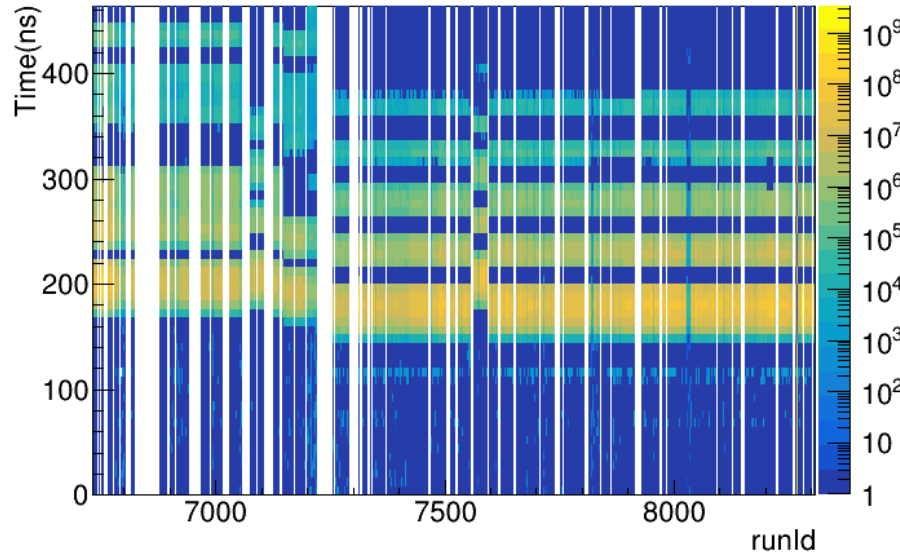
# Single BC1S hit time



Hit in BC1S closest to mean is considered to be the trigger one

# Signal shape relative to single BC1S hit time

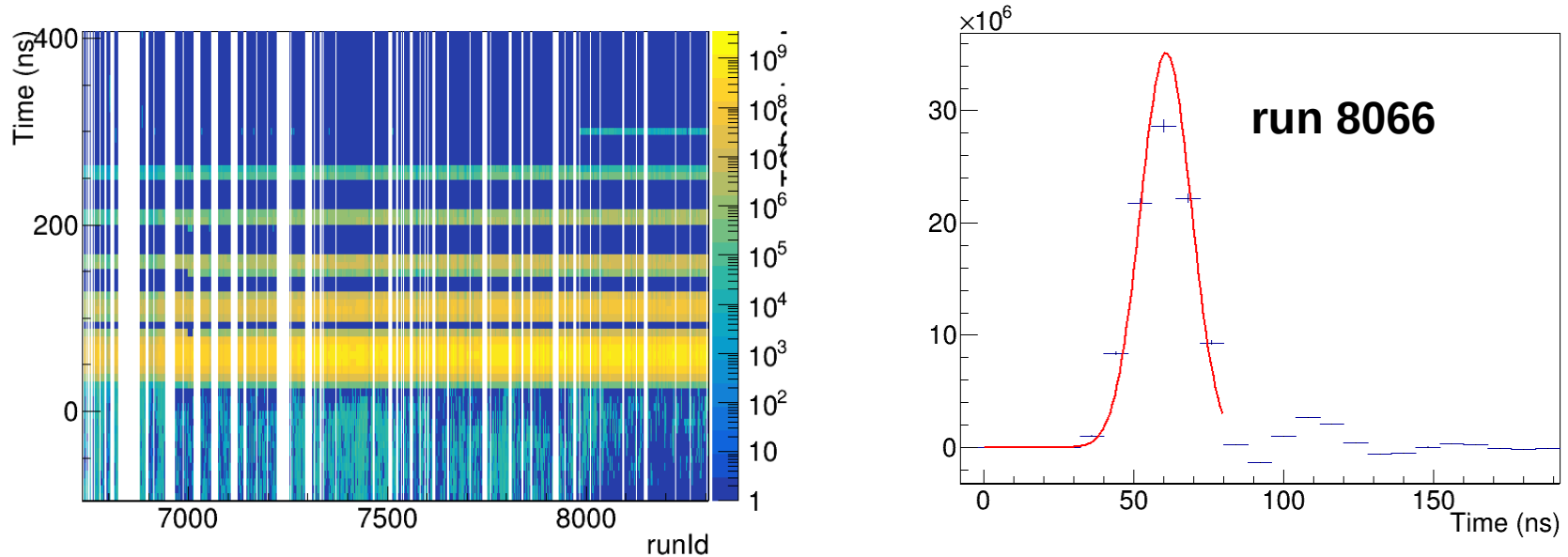
**FD**



Peak is collected in mean  $\pm$  2 sigma time from BC1S hit time

# Signal shape relative to single BC1S hit time

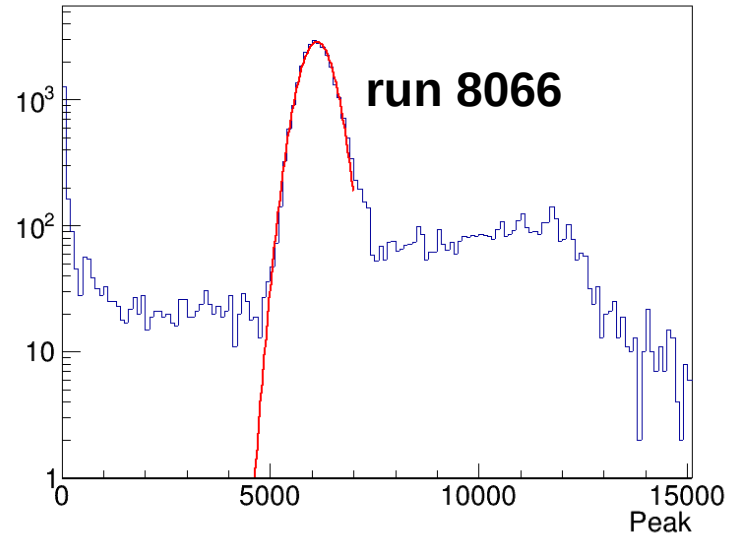
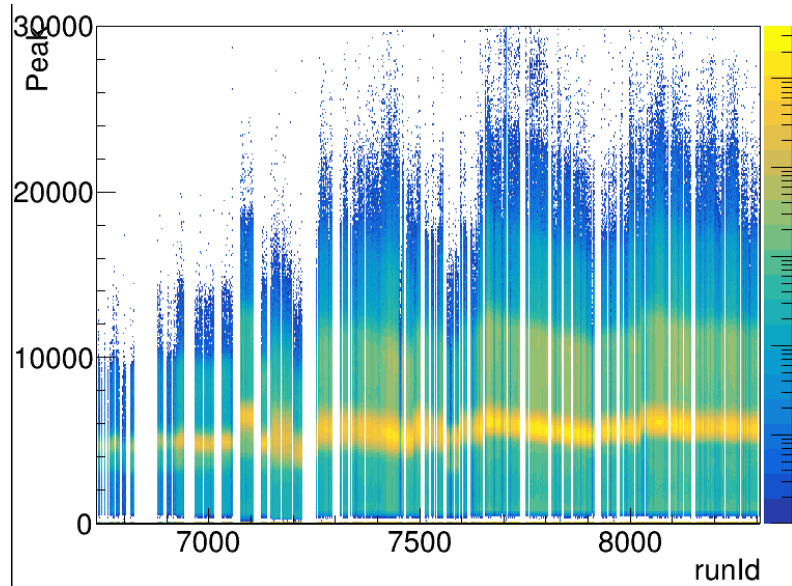
## VCS



Peak is collected in mean  $\pm$  2 sigma time from BC1S hit time

# Peak distributions

## FD (non-trigger only)

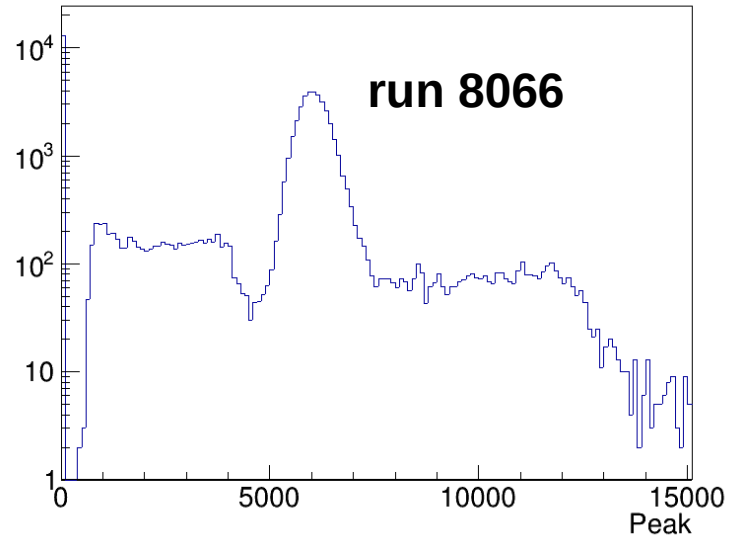
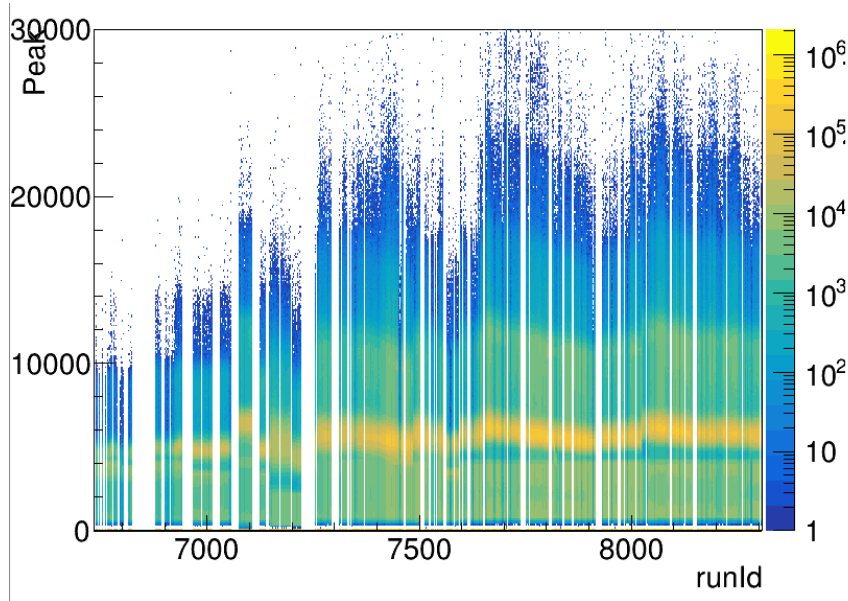


No interaction if peak is inside mean  $\pm 3$  sigma



# Peak distributions

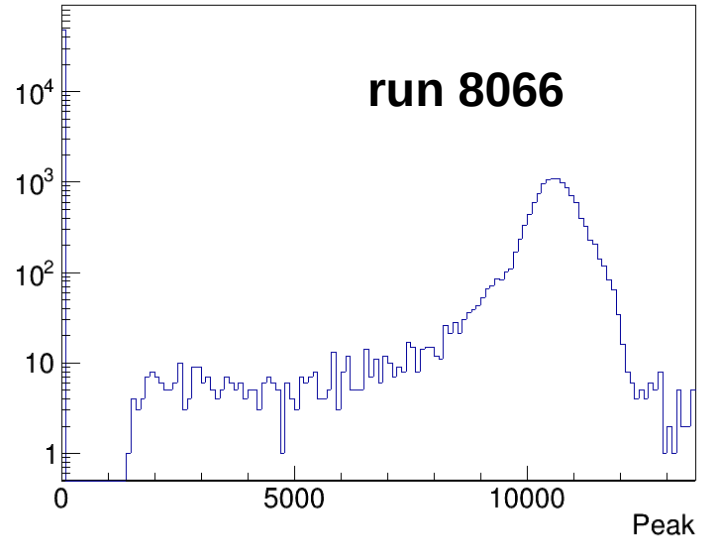
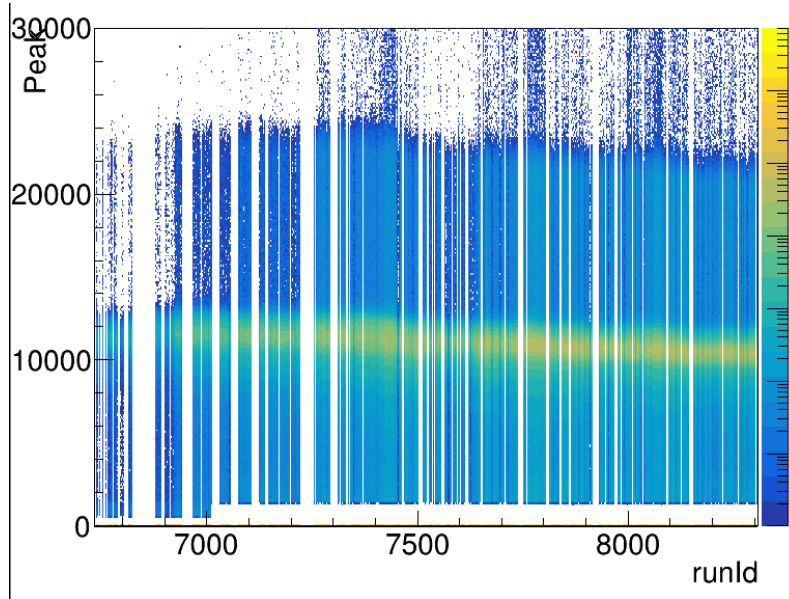
## FD (all)



No interaction if peak is inside mean  $\pm 3$  sigma

# Peak distributions

## VCS



Peak less than 500 is considered as absence of veto signal

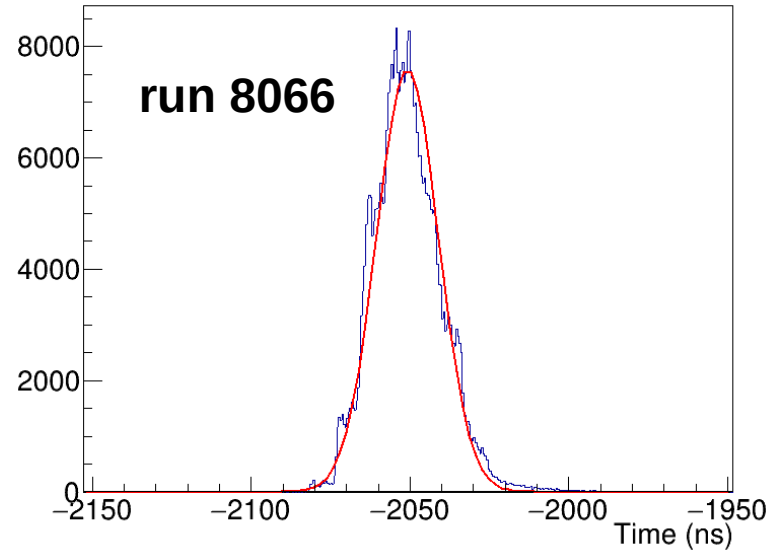
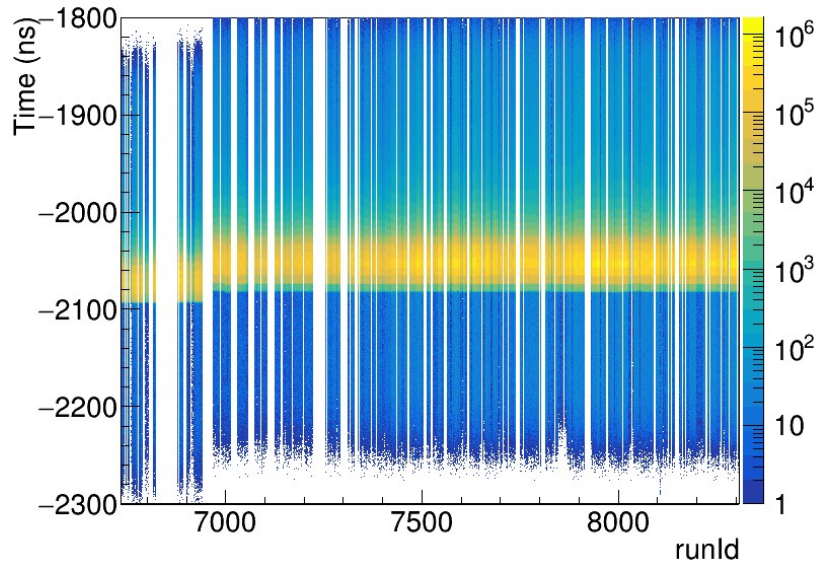
# Effect of pileup at digitized data level

- Choose events with 2 hits in BC1S (runs 7596-8304)
- Define trigger hit as closest to mean time for single BC1S events.
- For different event types plot mean number of digits/hits/tracks as a function of distance from additional to trigger hit for:
  - “Fast” detectors (TOF400, TOF700)\*.
  - “Slow” detectors (SILICON, GEM)
- Compare the values with those for events with single hit in BC1S.

\* digits and hits are counted in a defined (run-by-run) window relative to BC1S hit time

# Digit time distributions

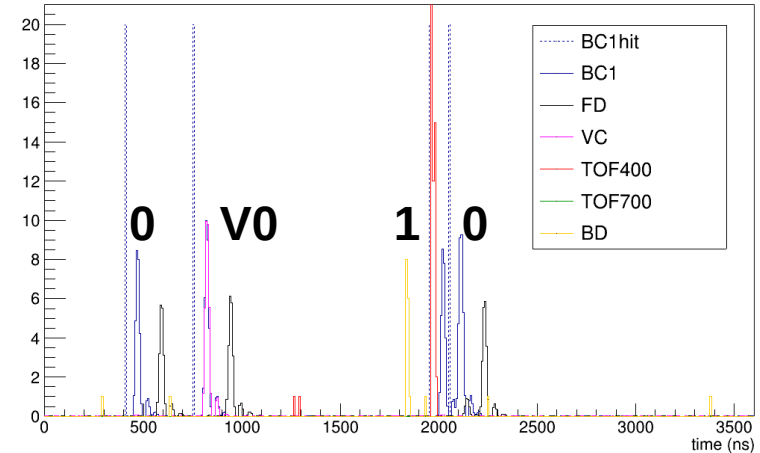
## TOF700



TOF digits and hits are collected in mean  $\pm 3$  sigma time from BC1S hit

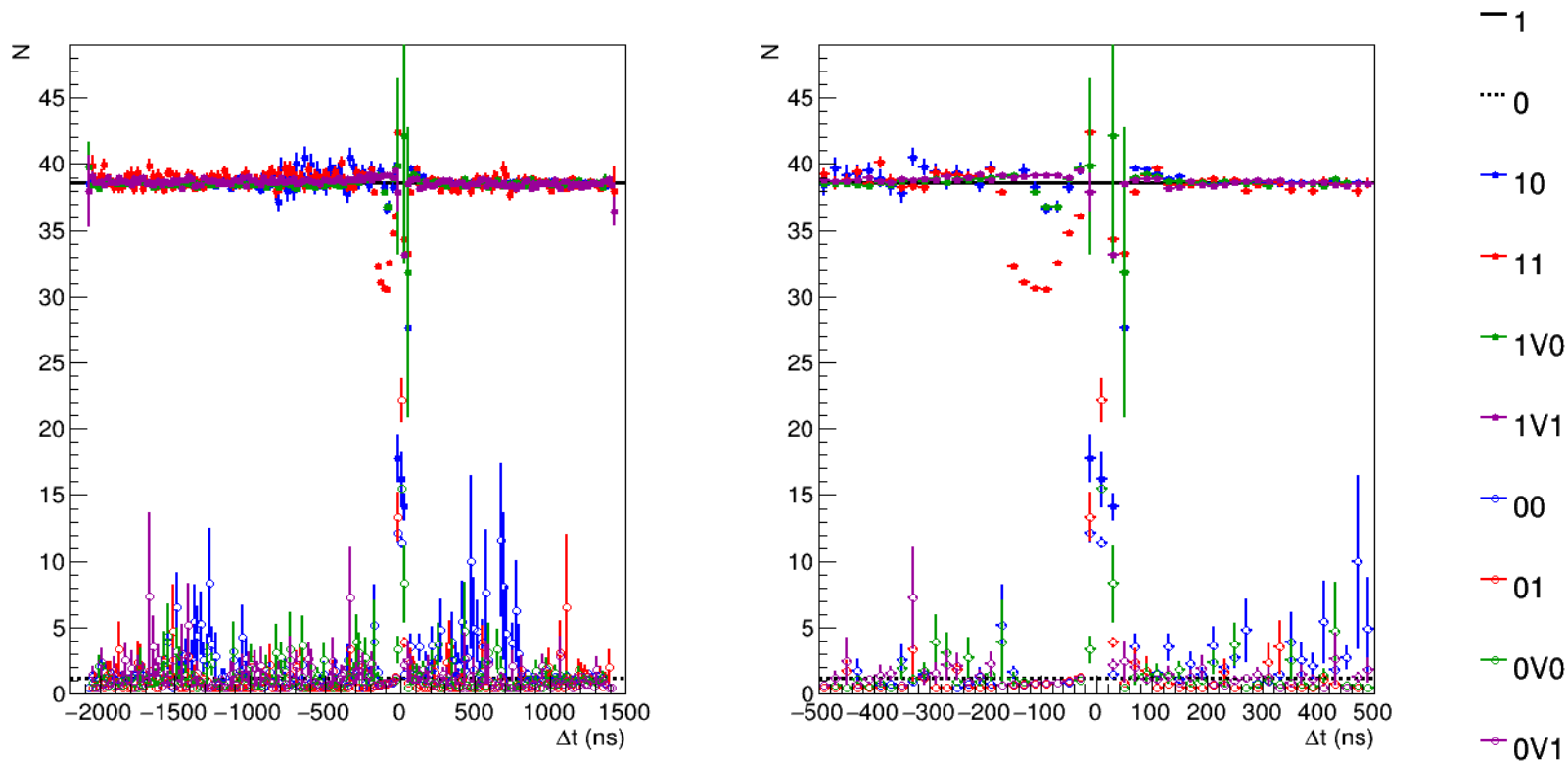
# BC1S and event types

- BC1S hit type is defined based on corresponding peaks in FD and VCS:
  - No interaction (**0**)
  - Interaction (**1**)
  - No interaction + VCS peak (**V0**)
  - Interaction + VCS peak (**V1**)



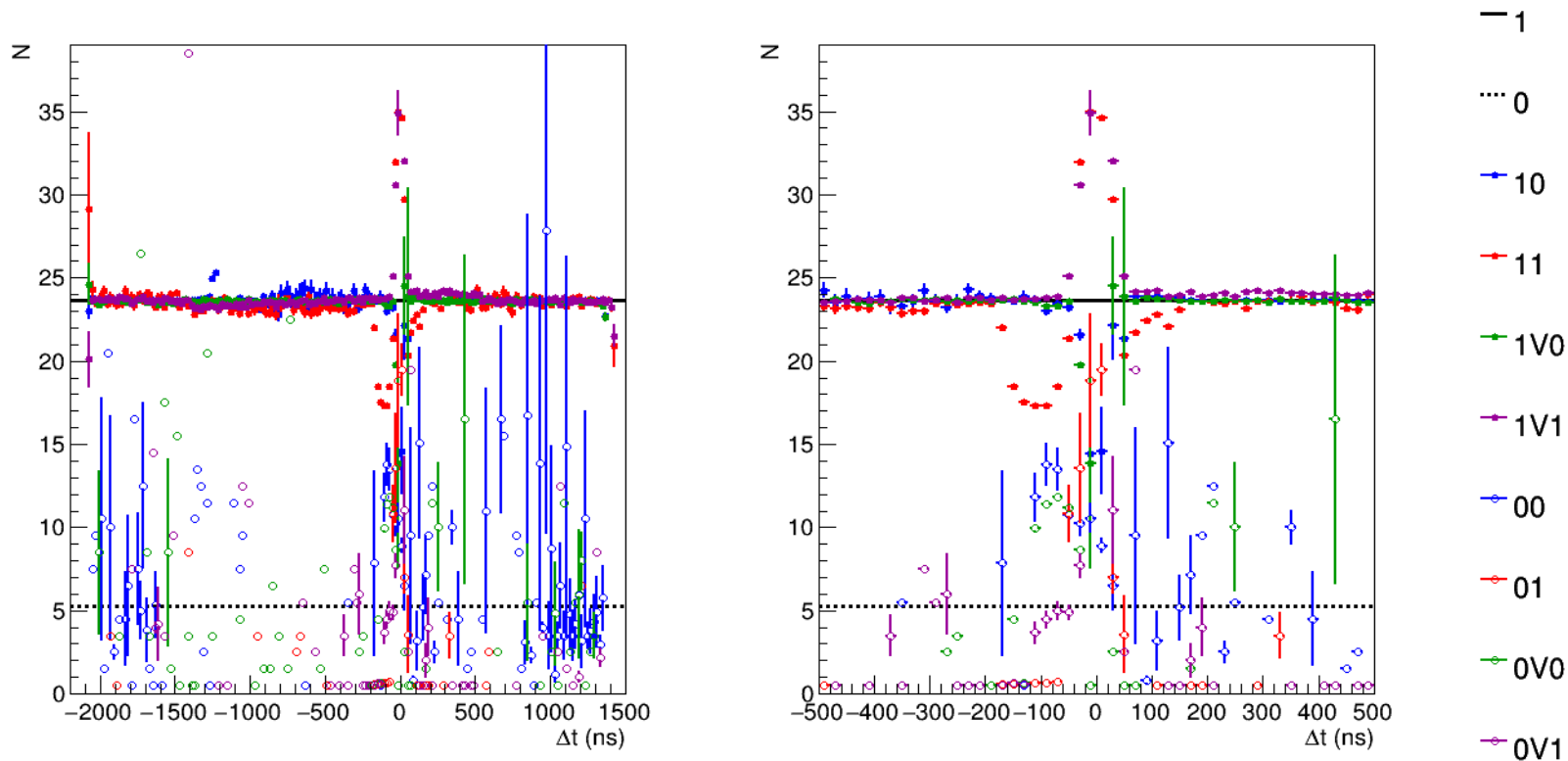
- Events with 1 hit in BC1S are assigned its type
- Events with 2 hits in BC1S are assigned a type based on type of trigger and additional hits (e.g. **1V0**).

# Effect of pileup on TOF 400 digits



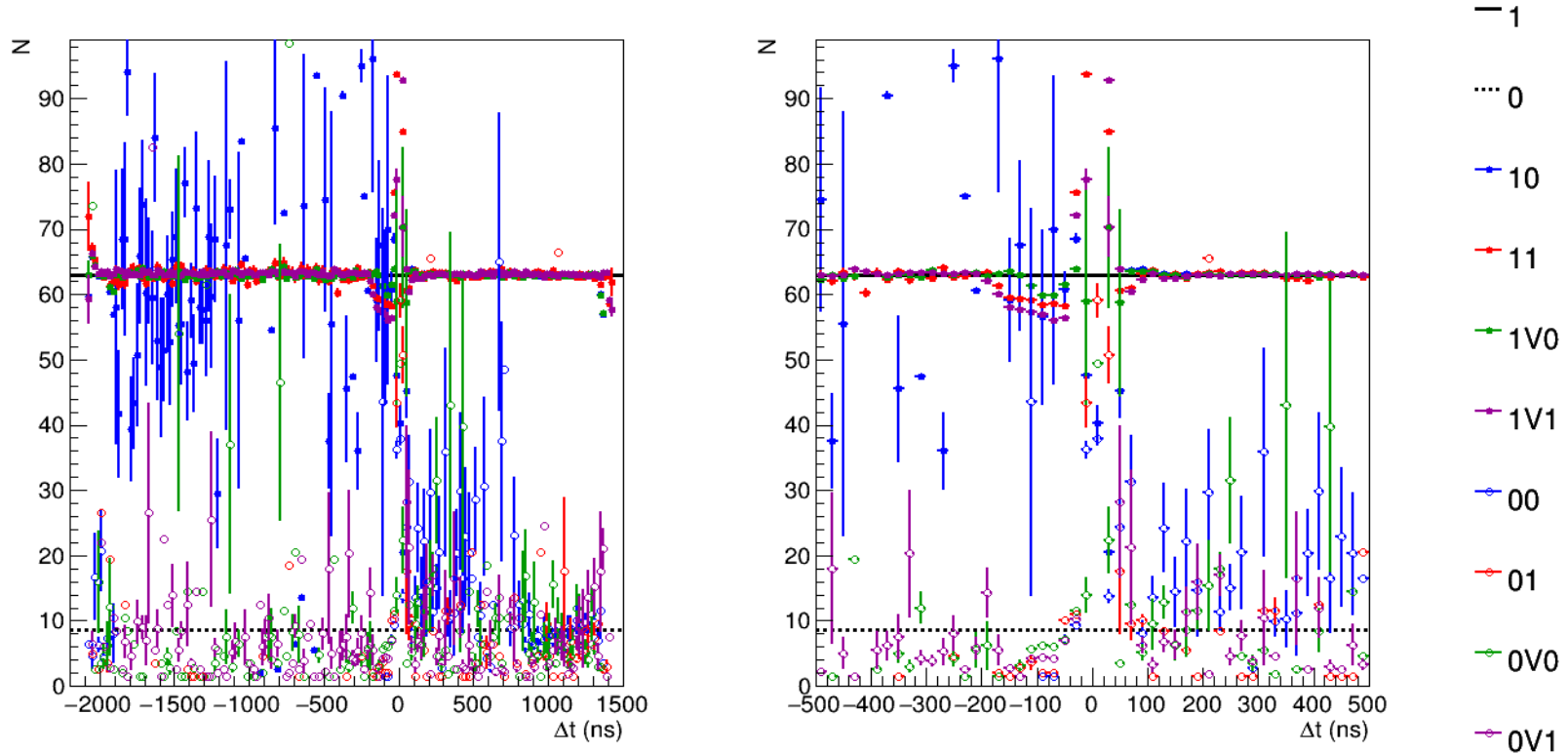
Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction

# Effect of pileup on TOF 400 hits



Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction

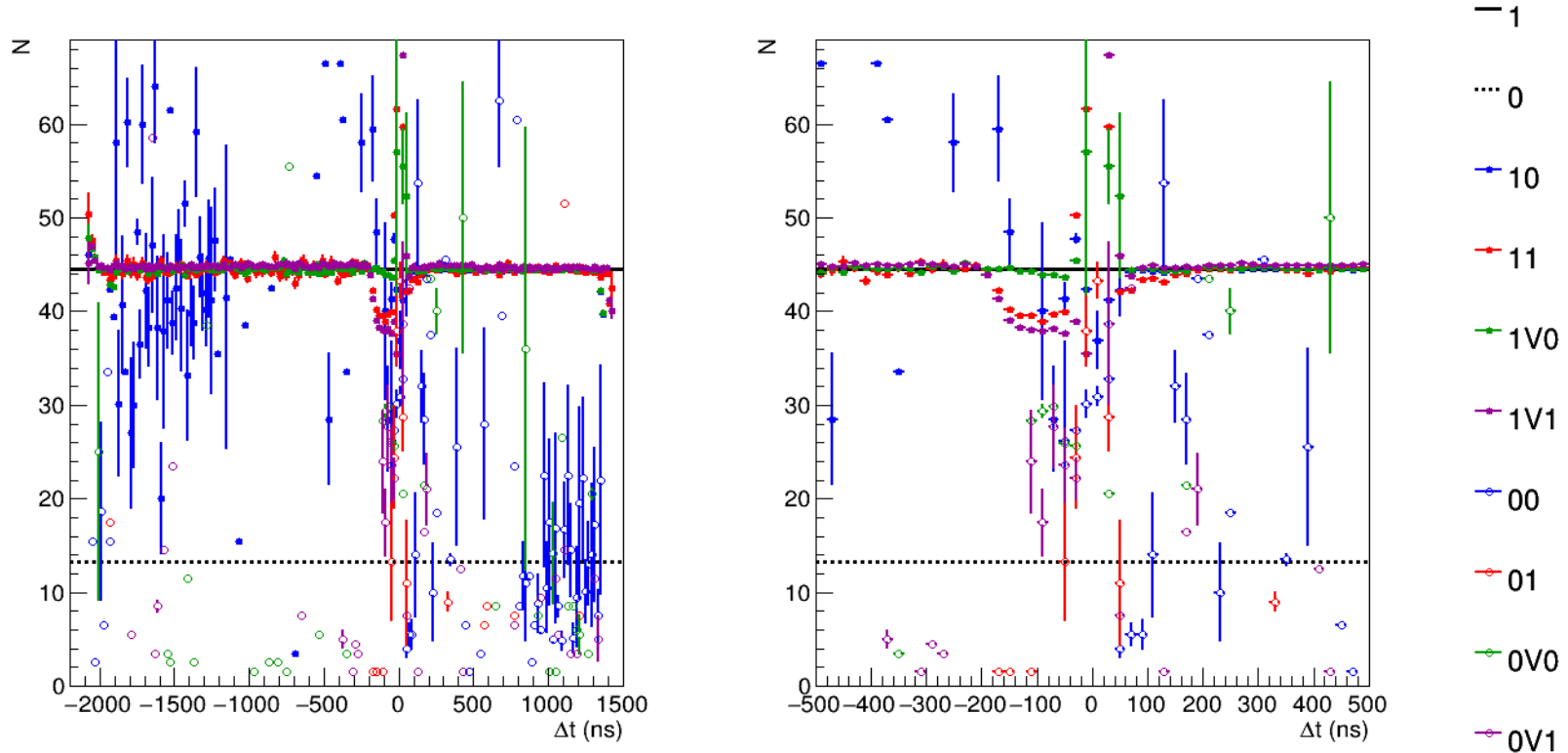
# Effect of pileup on TOF 700 digits



- Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Hope for improvement in 10 class with the new data production

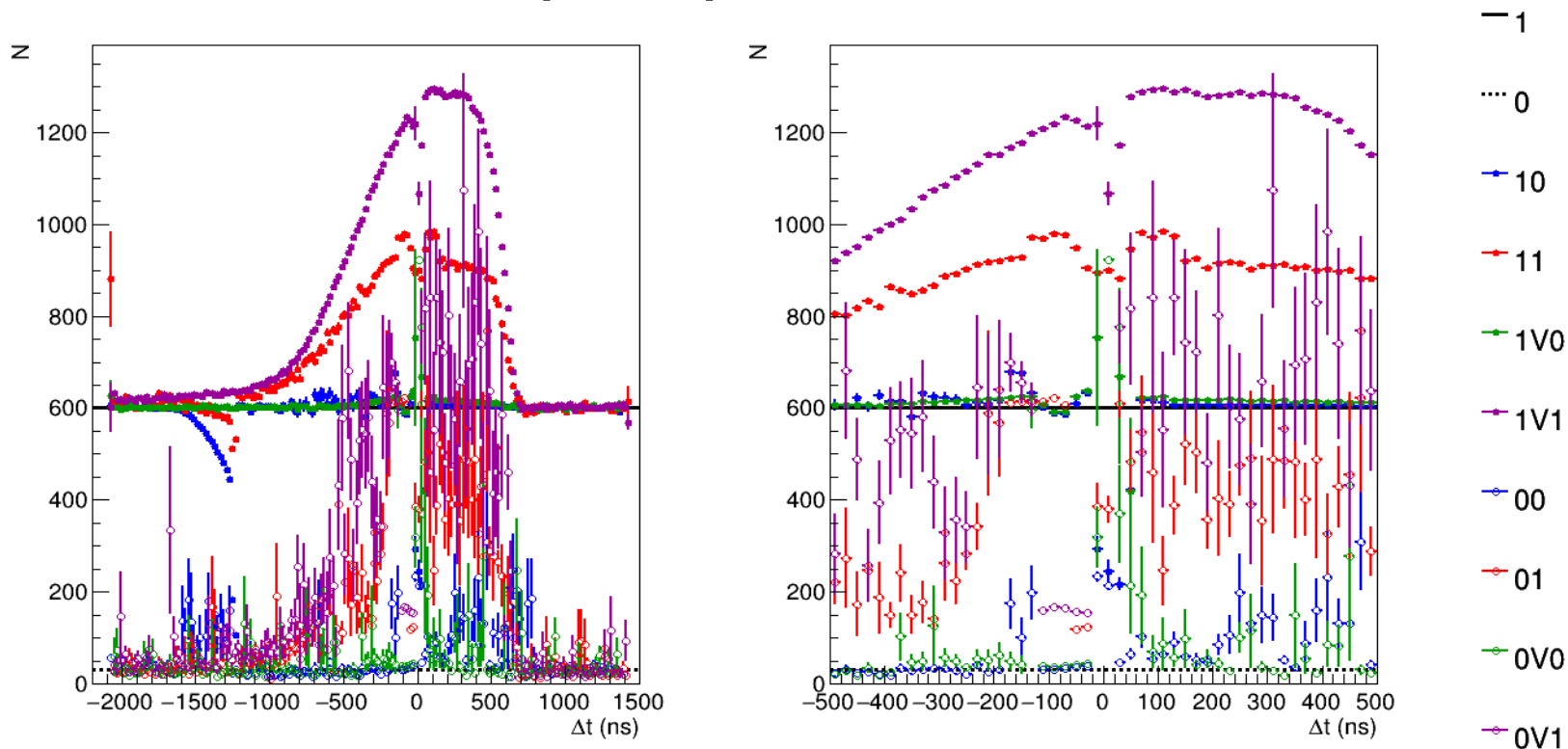


# Effect of pileup on TOF 700 digits



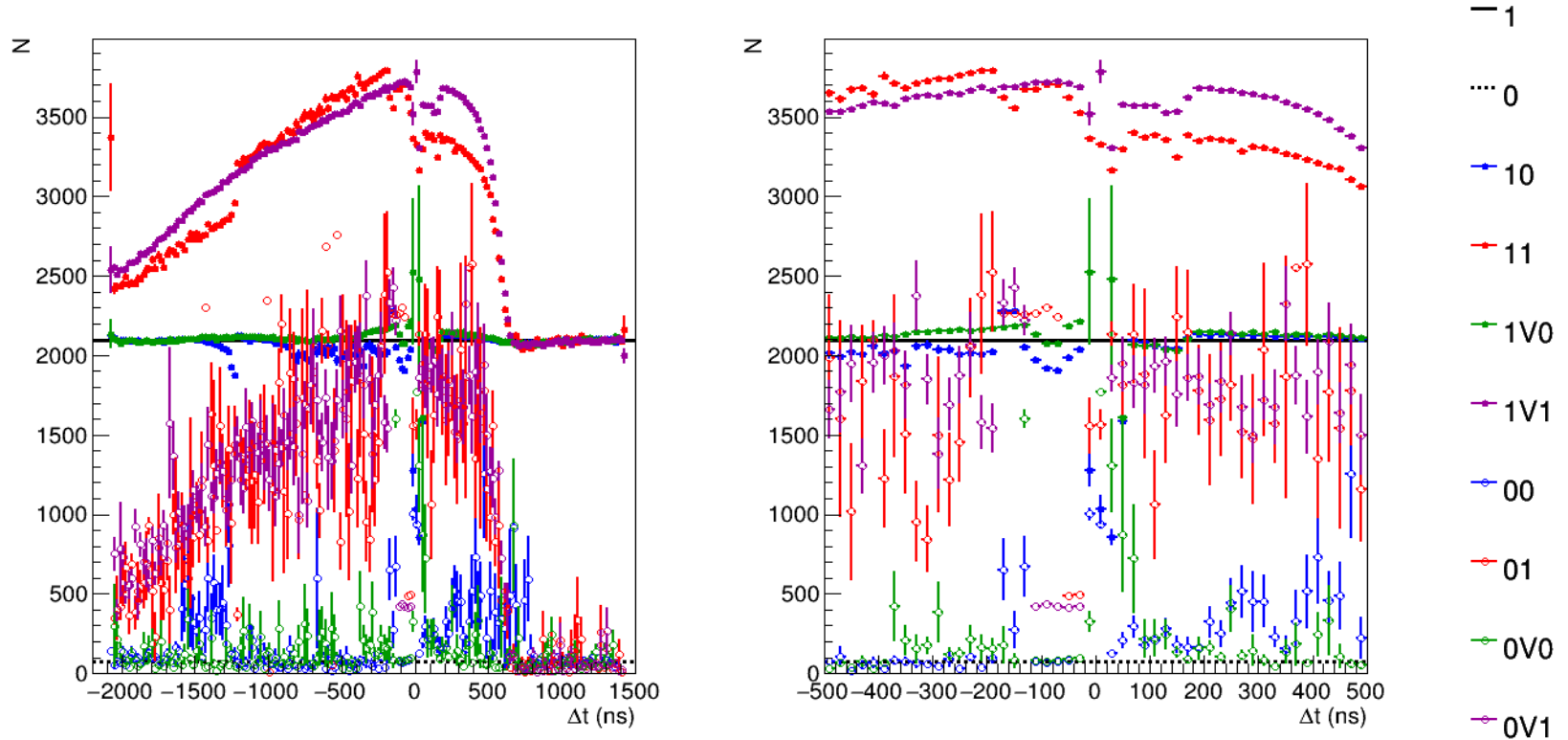
- Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Hope for improvement in 10 class with the new data production

# Effect of pileup on SILICON



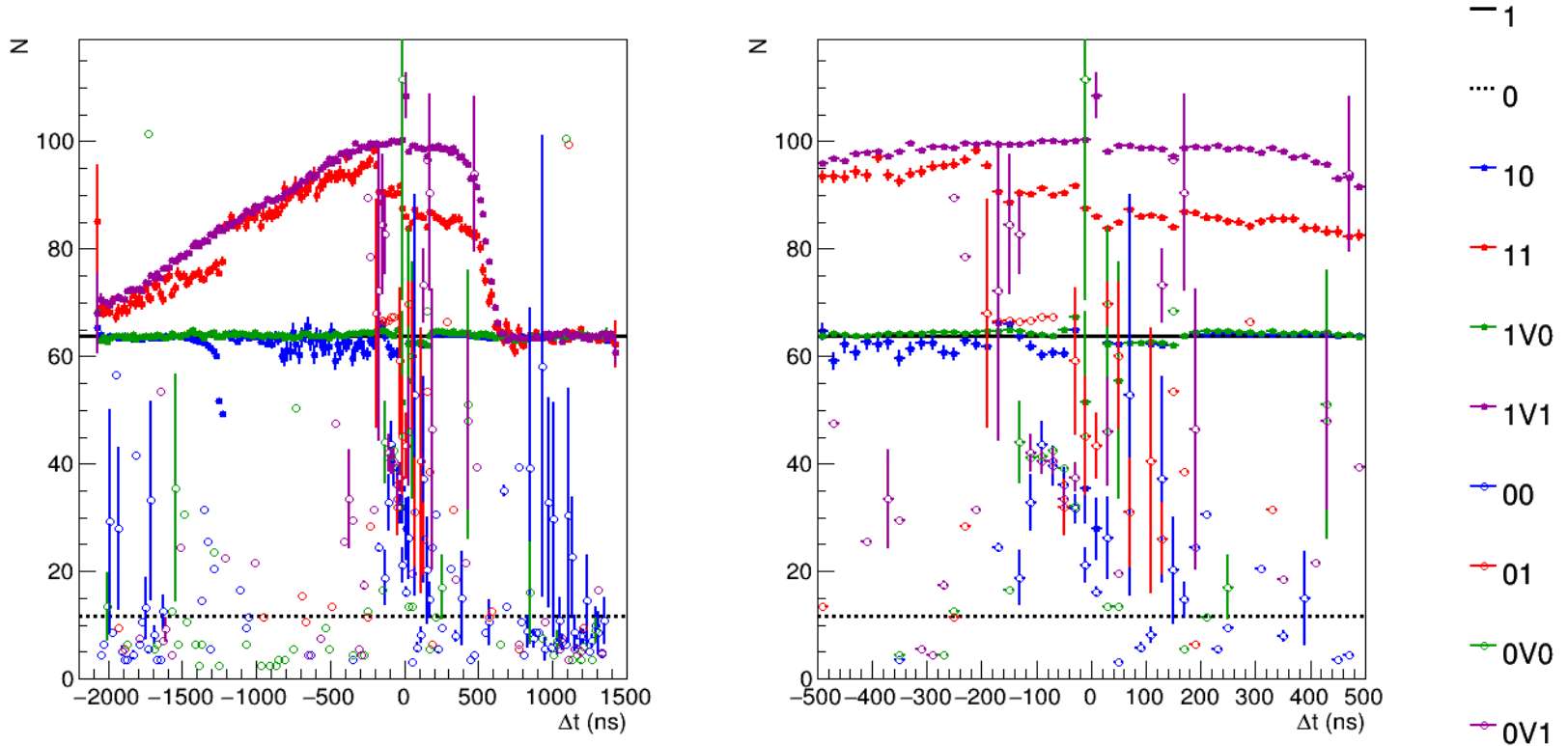
- Significant effect at  $\sim 100$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Significant long-range effect in case of additional interaction

# Effect of pileup on GEM



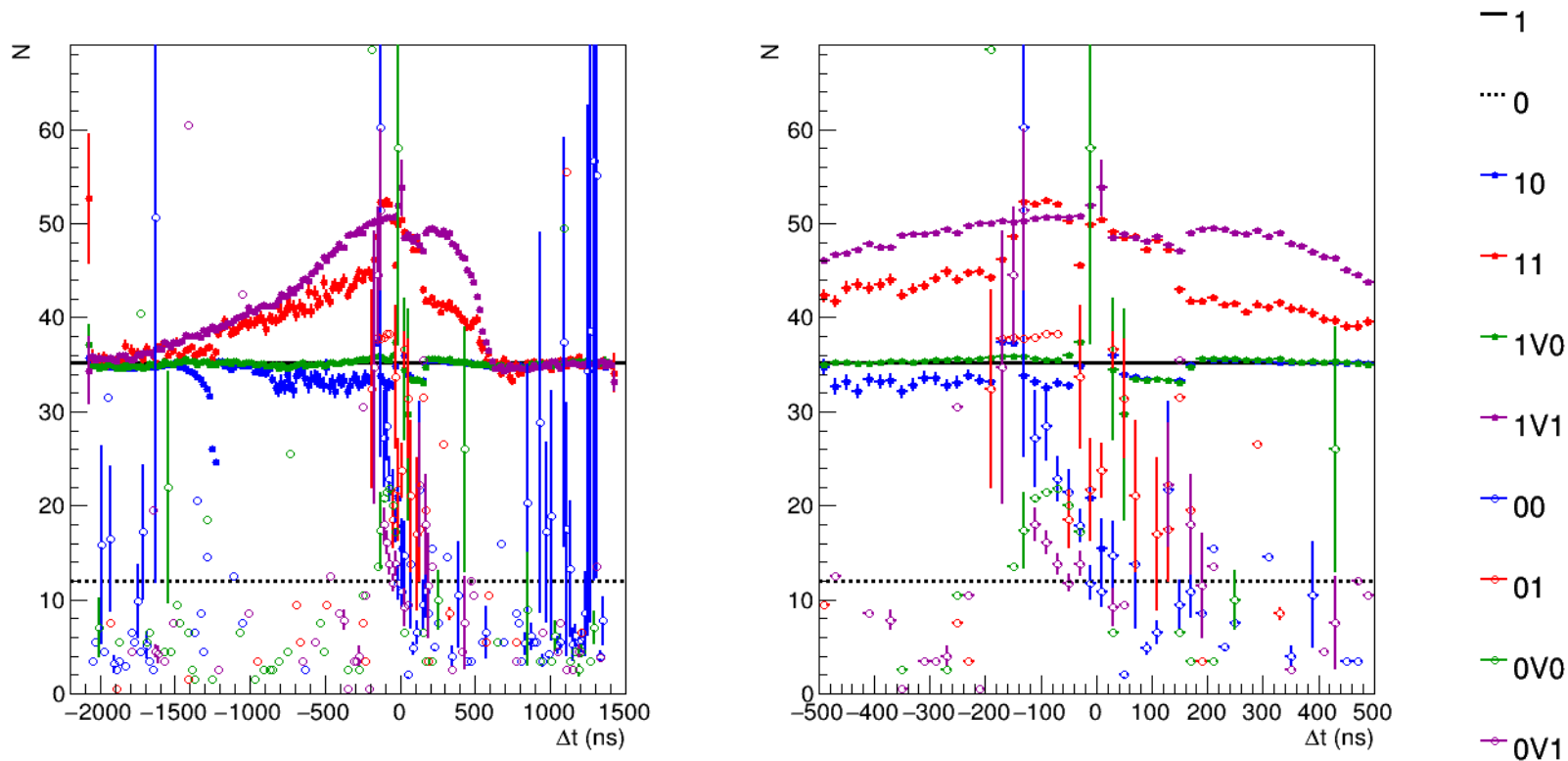
- Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Significant long-range effect in case of additional interaction

# Effect of pileup on tracks



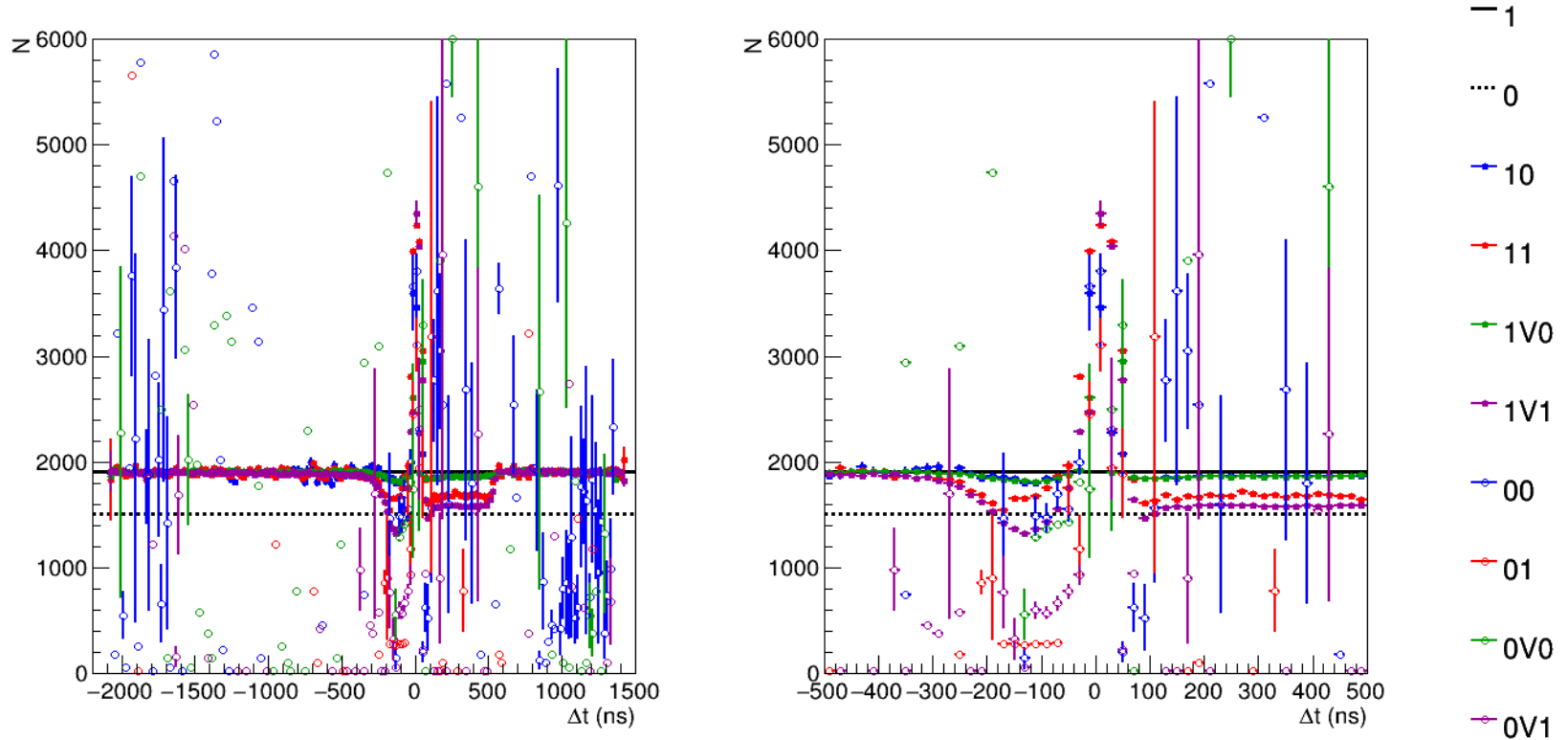
- Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Significant long-range effect in case of additional interaction

# Effect of pileup on selected tracks



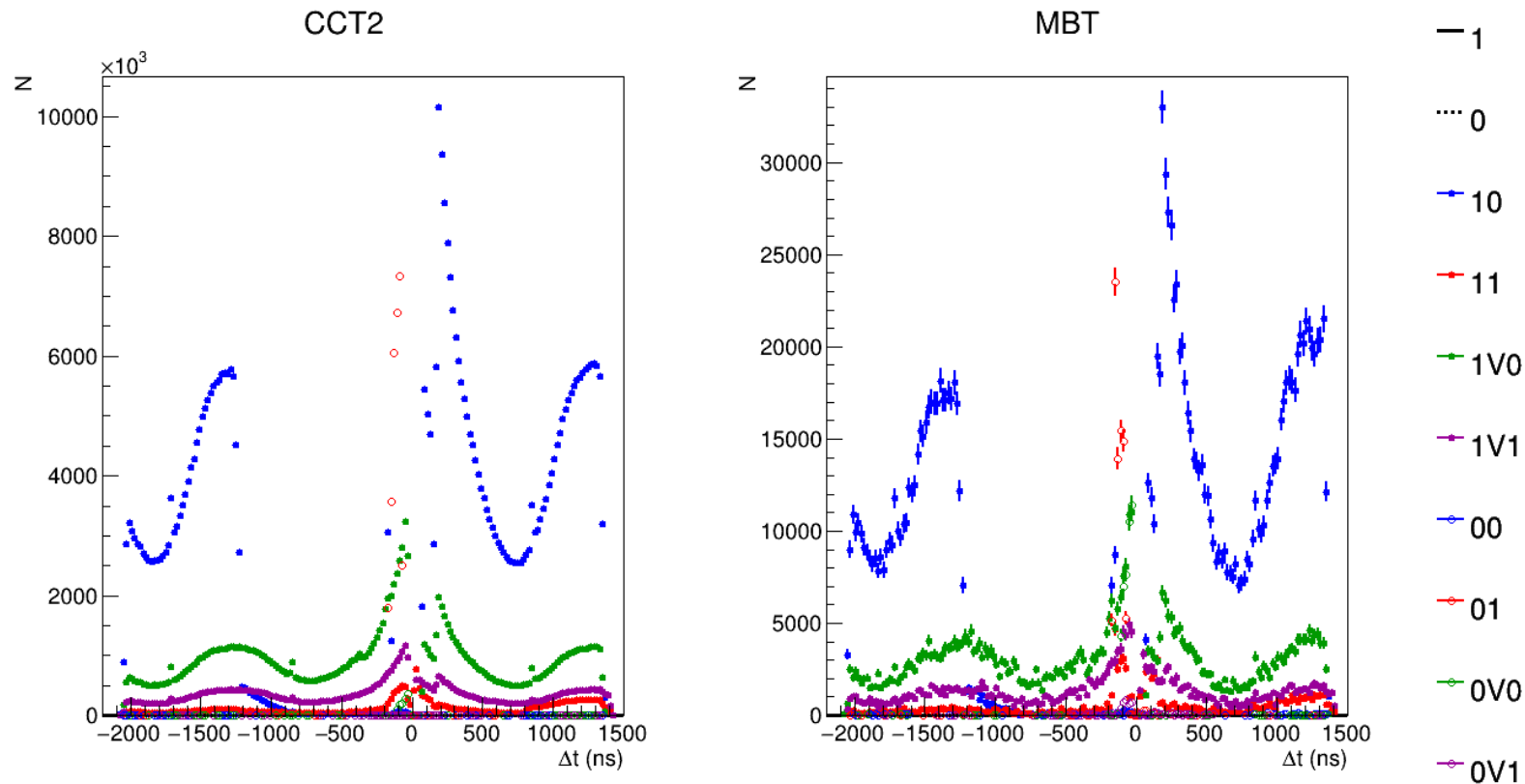
- Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Long-range effect is smaller but still significant

# Effect of pileup on FHCAL (24 central modules)



- Significant effect at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger hit even without additional interaction
- Long-range effect up to  $\sim 600$  ns

# Number of double-hit events



# BmnRoot task for event classification

- Collects run-by-run distributions to obtain needed constants
- Based on run-by-run constants calculates peaks and defines classes of BC1S hits in event
- Provides time distances (positive and negative) from trigger to the closest hits of selected class
- Creates additional branch with variables:
  - Index of trigger hit in BC1S
  - For every hit in BC1S
    - Hit class
    - Time distance to trigger hit
    - Corresponding FD and VCS peak values
    - Number and amplitude sum of BD digits
    - Number of TOF400 and TOF700 digits



# Summary

- BmnRoot task for classification of pileup events has been created and tested. Suggestions for improvement are welcome. Consider adding to production chain?
- Significant effect on digitized and reconstructed data of additional hit in BC1S without interaction at  $\sim 200$  ns from trigger
- Short-range effect on “fast” detectors in case of additional interaction
- Long-range effect on “slow” detectors in case of additional interaction. Still part of multi-hit events may be used.